Data availability

- Police data
- Criminal Courts (adult and youth) data
- Corrections (adult and youth) data
- Family law
- Victimization
Police data

- Aggregate Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Survey
- Incident-based Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR2) Survey
- Homicide Survey
- Police Administration Survey
Uniform Crime Reporting Survey (UCR)

- Violent, property, drugs, CC traffic, federal statutes & other *Criminal Code* crime data (UCR) by police force, province, CMA and Canada 1977-2005
- Incident-based data (UCR2) including: age & gender of victims & offenders, victim-accused relationships, level of injury, weapons involved and time & location of incident
- Organized crime, gang activity, hate-motivated crimes, cyber crime and geo-coded data has been collected on UCR2 since January 2005

continued …
Uniform Crime Reporting Survey (UCR)

♦ Coverage
  ♦ UCR coverage is 100%
  ♦ UCR2 coverage in 2005 is over 71% of the national volume of crime – RCMP implementation (started in 2006) will bring national coverage to over 95% for crime statistics in 2009
  ♦ Quebec is responding at 99% to UCR2


♦ UCR2 data released November 2006
Homicide Survey

- Homicide Survey (1961-2005)
  - coverage is 100%
  - provides data such as methods, characteristics of incidents, age and gender of victims & accused, relationships between victim & accused, gang killings and alcohol/drug involvement
- New questions added: “was the firearm recovered”, “was the victim pregnant”
- Added the distinction between being separated from a “legally-married spouse” and separated from a “common-law partner”
- Next release: *Homicide 2006* scheduled for November 2007
Police Resources Survey

Diamond Police Resources Survey (1962-2006)
- coverage is 100%
- collects summary data on # of police officers by type of police force, clearances rates, expenditure data, police to population ratios and police gender breakdowns and civilian counts by police service within each province
- New section in 2005 – breakdown by type of officer and rate of officers per population and civilian count

Next release: *Police Resources in Canada 2007* scheduled for November 2007
Adult Criminal & Youth Court Surveys

♦ Adult Court Survey (ACCS) 1994-95 to 2003-04
  ♦ coverage 90% (missing Manitoba, NWT, NT and Quebec municipal
courts or 1/4 of CC cases in Québec and some superior courts such
as Québec, Ontario, Alberta, etc.)
  ♦ collects case characteristics and caseload data relating to
dispositions of criminal cases (case = person)
  ♦ next release: Spring/Summer 2007

♦ Youth Court Survey (YCS) 1991-92 to 2003-04
  ♦ coverage 100%
  ♦ collects information on Criminal Code and federal statute charges,
and caseload and case characteristics (case = person)
  ♦ next release: Spring/Summer 2007

♦ New: Integrated Criminal Court Survey (Adults & Youths) will allow a historical time series allowing pre- and post-sentence appearances, (ex. applications for dangerous or long-term offender designations) and analysis of sentences associated with Youth Criminal Justice Act sentences.
Legal Aid Survey

- Legal aid Survey 1983-2005
  - coverage is 100%
  - aggregate data on revenues and expenditures, caseload and personnel in all provincial and territorial legal aid programs
  - Description of legal aid programs (occasional)
- Next release: Legal Aid in Canada: resources and caseload, 2005-06, Winter 2007
Correctional Services (adult and youth)

- **Adult Correctional Services Survey 2004-05 (ACS)**
  - coverage 100%
  - collects aggregate caseload (offender and average counts) and case characteristics data as well as resource expenditures relating to adult custodial and community supervision services
  - Data includes: age, gender and Aboriginal status; custodial sentences by major offence type, custodial remands, conditional sentences, probation, conditional release, parole and community supervision at FPT levels
  - next release: Fall 2007

- **Youth Custody and Community Services Survey 2003-04 (YCCS)**
  - coverage 100%. In 2006, *1st release of data since YCJA came into effect*
  - collects aggregate caseload (counts) and case characteristics
  - Data includes: age, gender and Aboriginal status, secure and open custody, remand, probation, by most serious offence and community sentences at the provincial and territorial level
  - next release: early Spring 2007
Correctional Services (adult and youth)

- **New** Integrated Correctional Services Survey (ICSS)
- Coverage – survey implementation is underway in half of all jurisdictions.
  - ICSS will collect micro (person-based) data on individuals under care of Correctional Services
  - Longitudinal in nature – permits individuals’ history with Corrections
  - Looks at recidivism, prior involvement, substance abuse, mental health issues, offender risk classification and socio demographic characteristics
- Reports – 2 analytical projects are planned:
  - Released Juristat: Returning to Correctional Services after Release: A Profile of Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal Adults involved in Saskatchewan corrections from 1999-2000 to 2003-04
  - The 2nd report will examine outcomes of community corrections including breaches of conditions and post-release re-involvement in corrections. Possible to understand how outcomes of community corrections compare with sentences of imprisonment.
Correctional services (youths and adults)

♦ Key indicator reports – adult and youth correctional services
  ♦ 2 distinct surveys – aggregate data on inmate average daily counts, correctional facilities and community supervision monthly counts, provinces and territories
  ♦ Next release: Fall 2007 *(youth)
Family and Civil Law Program

♦ Civil Court Survey
  ♦ development of an ongoing database of all family law cases in civil courts through the Civil Court Survey
  ♦ data on family court cases will improve knowledge of custody and access arrangements and family court processes and outcomes including implications for the children involved
  ♦ 1st release: 2007-08

Survey of Maintenance Enforcement Programs (2004-05)
  ♦ collects caseload data (94% of pop. in 9 prov-terr.), sex and age of payors and recipients, # of children, support amounts, arrears and enforcement actions
  ♦ next release: January 2007
  ♦ microdata survey development in progress - will provide information on the extent to which families benefit from the programs, child support awards and compliance with support orders
Integration, Analysis & Research Program

- IA&R program integrates data from a variety of surveys (GSS, UCR, Homicide) then undertakes developmental projects.

- There are three surveys conducted by IA&R and currently in the field:
  - **Transition Home Survey** - distributed across Canada to all agencies that provide residential services to abused women.
  - **Victim Services Survey** - to provide a profile of service agencies, including the services offered and some insight into the clients who use them.
  - **Youth Shelter Pilot Survey** – pilot survey of 75 youth shelters.

- Next release: Spring 2007 (all 3)
Family Violence in Canada

- Recently released in July 2006 – free from the Statistics Canada website. Special topic analysis presented every year.
- In 2006, repeat offenders of family violence (police reported data and record linkage) and detailed analysis of spousal homicides between 1991 and 2004
- In 2005, stalking, family homicide-suicides
- In 2004, sentencing cases of family-related violence
- In 2003, response of support systems to victims and accused
- In 2002, impacts and consequences of family violence cases
- In 2001, child abuse and neglect, spousal violence among Aboriginal people
- In 2000, spousal violence reported by women and men in GSS
Integration, Analysis and Research Program

- General Social Survey (GSS) – Victimization Cycle
  - rates of criminal victimization (8 offenses)
  - public perception of criminal justice system
  - perception of personal safety and fear of crime
  - measures to secure their safety
  - spousal violence – national, prov./terr. and CMA
  - trends 1993, 1999 & 2004
  - recent special study Measuring violence against women 2006
  - next release scheduled for 2009
    - DLI - Public Use Microdata Files will be available
    - RDCs – all analytical files will be available

- New:
  - stalking
  - social disorder – asks how much of a problem is prostitution, drugs, loitering, in the respondent’s neighbourhood, etc.
  - discrimination
Aside from all of the most recent Juristats available to subscribers of E-Stat and Beyond 20/20 data tables that are provided to the DLI, a substantial amount of information is available for free from the Canadian Statistics portion on the STC site.

As of April 24, 2006 all electronic publications available on the Statistics Canada website are free of charge.

Any questions on data or interpretations should be directed to the Information and Client Service Unit at ccjscssj@statcan.ca or to 1-800-387-2231 or locally at 613-951-9023.
Neighbourhood characteristics and the distribution of crime in Winnipeg, Island of Montreal, Regina

♦ Geocoding
  ♦ Activity consists of matching a particular address with a geographic location on the Earth’s surface
  ♦ Address corresponds to the location of the incident reported to the police
  ♦ Match records in two databases – a list of addresses and the other containing information about a street network and the address range within a given block

♦ Factors associated with neighbourhood crime
  ♦ Socio-economic disadvantage
  ♦ Condition of housing/buildings
  ♦ Land use

♦ 2 released reports to date: Winnipeg, Montréal, Regina
♦ 3 reports forthcoming: Halifax, Thunder Bay, Edmonton